

| Step 5, 2 stars Varied Fluency | Step 5, 2 stars Reasoning |
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| <p>5a. $A = 2\frac{2}{5} = \frac{12}{5}$; $B = 2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$; $C = 3\frac{1}{9} = \frac{28}{9}$ 6a. False; $4\frac{1}{11} = \frac{45}{11}$ 7a. $5\frac{8}{12}$ and $\frac{68}{12}$ 8a. A</p> | <p>4a. $5\frac{2}{6} = \frac{32}{6}$ 5a. Various possible answers, for example: $3\frac{2}{5}$ because the others both have a numerator of 30 as improper fractions. 6a. Lucille is incorrect; $4\frac{4}{12} = \frac{52}{12}$. Accept answers which use diagrams to prove this.</p> |
| Step 5, 3 stars Varied Fluency | Step 5, 3 stars Reasoning |
| <p>9a. $A = 3\frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$; $B = 2\frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$; $C = 3\frac{1}{7} = \frac{22}{7}$ 10a. True 11a. $7\frac{2}{3}$ And $\frac{23}{3}$ 12a. C</p> | <p>7a. $6\frac{9}{12} = \frac{27}{4}$ 8a. Various possible answers, for example: $3\frac{8}{10}$ because the others both have a denominator of 2 as simplified improper fractions. 9a. Mai is incorrect; $7\frac{8}{12} = \frac{23}{3}$. Accept answers which use diagrams to prove this.</p> |